

#### Web Resources

Academic Careers in
Engineering & Science
www.cwru.edu/admin/aces/index.htm

Faculty Diversity Office www.cwru.edu/president/aaction/aaeeo.html



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## Further Reading

Why So Slow: The Advancement of Women by Virginia Valian, Distinguished Professor of Psychology and PI of the Gender Equity Project, Hunter College (CUNY)

- · Chosen by the NSF as recommended reading
- Read by ACES participants (chairs, deans, coaches, etc.)
- Discusses: gender schema definition, mountains out of molehills, how bias operates

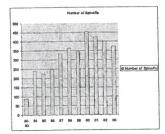
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University Spin-Offs: Why You Should Care Scott Shane April 6, 2005	
What's are University Spin-offs?  Companies founded to exploit inventions of faculty, staff or students of universities (that make material use of university resources and are assigned to universities)	
Some Examples of University Spin-offs  Generatech IN BUSINESS FOR LIFE CHIRON	

# Why You Should Care About University Spin-offs: Personal

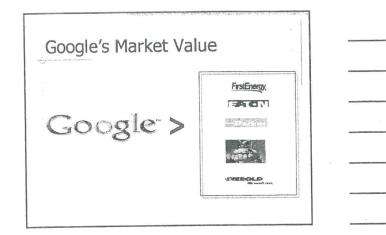
- Commercialize inventions large companies ignore
- Are a necessary step in the development of many technologies
- Provide a way for inventors to gain financially from their inventions
- Allow inventors to remain involved in the development of their inventions
- Are becoming an increasingly common commercialization vehicle

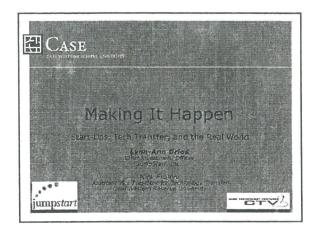
Spin-off Formation Rates Have Increased Over the Past 20 Years



# Why You Should Care About University Spin-offs: Policy

- Create good jobs
- Generate new industrial clusters
- Attract venture capital to a region
- Are valuable companies





#### Outline

- > Introduction
- > Tech Transfer at Case (A Quick Review)
- > Speaker Backgrounds
- > New Company Formation: When and Why
- ➤ Issues Facing New Companies
- > Basics of Funding and Venture Capital
- > Deal Structure and Ownership
- > Case Technology Ventures

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## The Tech Transfer Mission.

- >To lead the successful commercialization of ideas generated by people at Case through:
  - > Licensing to established companies
  - > Licensing to companies that we create

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- >Lynn Ann-Gries
  - > Chief Investment Officer, JumpStart, Inc.
  - > Fund Manager, JumpStart Fund I
  - > Former Investment Banker (McDonald Investments)
  - > BA, Smith College
  - > MBA, NYU

### Speaker Background

- > Nick Frollini
- > Assistant VP for Technology Transfer
- > Managing Director, Case Technology Ventures
- > Joined Case in October 2001
- > Trained as an industrial engineer/economist (Carnegie Mellon)
- > Past eight years in technology commercialization and business creation
  - > Redleaf Group, Director, M&A
  - > VentureBank@PNC, CTO
  - > Accenture, Analyst, Natural Resources

## Start-Up Companies at Universities

- > Wide Range of Incubation Support
  - > Organizer's function/start-up documentation package (legal)
- > Physical incubation services (BioEnterprise)
- > Business advice and assistance
- > Financial support (prototypes, recruiting, etc.)
- > Case Technology Ventures
  - > Recent Case initiative
  - > Funds new companies based on Case IP
- > JumpStart, Inc.
  - > Business accelerator working with companies in NE Ohio
  - > Makes direct investments in carefully selected companies
  - Facilitates regional programming to promote an entrepreneurial economy

#### NewCo vs. Established Companies

- License to existing company or create a new company?
- > NewCo's make the most sense when:
- > Technology requires a paradigm shift
  - > Lycos @ Carnegie Melion
- > Faculty/researchers want to start a new company
- > and understand the risks and requirements...
- > Development work beyond the university research lab is required to make the technology ready for the commercial market

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### Key Issues for NewCos

- > Can we attract customers?
- > A better mousetrap is nice, but...
- > Can we recruit experienced management?
- > Researchers are not usually qualified to be CEOs
- > Time requirements for founders can be high
- > Can the idea be funded?
  - > Short-term and long-term
  - > Venture investors, angels, grants
- > Can the company be grown?
  - > Large, growing markets or surviving "grant to grant"?

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## Financing 101

- > What is "early-stage financing?"
  - > Money brought into a company early in its existence from an outside source under certain terms and conditions (ideally, to help the company grow and move forward)
- > A quick note on reality...
  - > ALL external funding sources come with strings attached -- there is no such thing as a free lunch

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## Current Investment Climate

- > The financing market is a mess...
- > "Nuclear winter"
- > "Perfect storm"
- The 'internet bubble' has given way to a 'land of desolation'...
- > Financing ANY company is difficult
- > Financing an early-stage company is very, very difficult

CASA WANTSHIS SECTION DESCRIPTION

## Sources of Funding

- > Grants
  - > Foundations, Federal (e.g., SBIR, STTR), State (e.g., ODOD TAF)
- > Angel Investors
- ➤ Traditional Venture Capital Investors

  ➤ Institutional or Professional Investors
- ➤ Bootstrapping

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## Types of Venture Investors

- > Angels
- High 'net worth' individuals not necessarily professional or experienced investors
- > Lower return expectations
- > Seed/Pre-Seed
  - > Understand risks of very early-stage technologies
  - > Very hard to find
- > Early-Stage
  - > Looking for a start-up with a good chance of success
  - > High return expectations (10X return in 3 to 5 years)
  - > Likely to be more "hands on"

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## Types of Venture Investors

- > Late-Stage
  - > Invest in growing companies with established revenue streams
  - > Lower return expectations (lower risk)
  - Not likely to pitch in and help run the company during troubled times
- > Mezzanine
  - > Invest in pre-IPO companies
  - > Larger (\$10-50MM) deals

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#### Deal Structure

- > Equity
  - > Stock in the new company
- > Common or Preferred
- > Sets a value for the company

#### > Convertible Debt

- > A 'loan' to the company
- Converted to equity at a later date
   With a venture capital round
- > Delays valuing the company
  - > May provide tax benefits to shareholders

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## Valuation and Ownership

- > Critical issue: What is an early-stage company worth?
- > Day 1 Founders have 100% of the equity
- > But what does that mean? Are there any assets?
- > Is there any value?
- Investors will take a substantial share of the company in exchange for an investment.
- > Trade-off:
- > Big place of a small ple that may go nowhere
- > Smaller piece of a big pie that is worth something

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Day 1 Shareholder	Shares	0/0	\$/Share	Value	Founders Own 100%
Founders	1,000,000	100%	??	77	_ Own 10076
Day 2	1,000,000	100%	Service man	??	
Shareholder	Shares	%	\$/Share	Value	University Licenses IP
Founders University		90% 10%			and Takes
ia na resident seden	1,111,111	100%	2005 - 3:08±45	<b>??</b> ⊡2 : ⊒ ⊘4 (2007 #4	10%
					Investor
Day 3	Chaves	04			Offers \$1
Shareholder	Shares	6394			Offers \$1
	Shares 1,000,000 111,111	% 63% 7%			offers \$1 million for 30% of the

#### Universities and Venture Investing

- > Universities 'finance' new ideas and innovations as part of their ordinary course of business...
  - > Research expenditures/centers of excellence
  - > Prototype development
  - > Fronting patent costs
- Several universities are now exploring direct venture funding for companies based on University-owned intellectual property
  - > Two models:
    - > External Venture Fund (e.g., Baylor)
  - > Internal Venture Fund (e.g., Case Western)

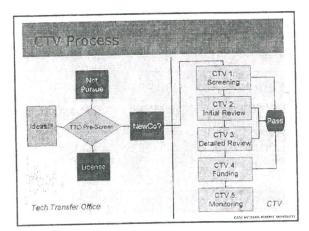
#### Case Technology Ventures: Concept

- > Create an additional source of capital at Case
  - > Augment existing tech transfer pre-seed activities
  - > Promote entrepreneurship
  - > Potential upside for Case
  - Visibility for University's contribution to regional economic development
- > Funds provided by CTV are used by NewCos for:
  - > Developing prototypes
  - > Recruiting management talent
- > Creating business/marketing plans
- > Identifying/renting office space/laboratory facilities > Retaining corporate counsel
- > Beginning operations

## Fund Basics and Deal Structure

- > \$5 million fund
  - > \$4 million from Case, \$1 million from State of Ohio
- > \$50k to \$250k in funding, depending on the needs of the new company
- > Convertible debt
- > Standard documents; market terms and conditions
- Use of convertible debt avoids the difficulty of valuing equity in an early-stage company
- > Oversight by CTV Executive Committee

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## Case Technology Ventures.

- > Will invest in 2 4 opportunities each year
  - > Highly selective approach
  - Focus and concentrate on high-potential companies
- > Provides follow-on support and guidance
- > Is focused internally...
- > Case ideas, intellectual property, and people
- > Is connected...
  - > Discussions with dozens of regional investors
  - > Presentations around the country
- > Wants to create success for Case, our researchers, and our region!

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Current CTV Portfolio	
≽Interventional Imaging, Inc. (I3)	
≻Arteriocyte	
≻Cleveland Nanocrystals	
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hanks  >Thank you for your attention	